Question Booklet Series

Question Booklet

A

GENERAL PAPER

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 150

Read the following instructions carefully before you begin to answer the questions.

IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. This Question Booklet contains 150 questions in all.
- 2. All questions carry equal marks.
- 3. Attempt all questions.
- 4. Immediately after commencement of the examination, you should check up your Question Booklet and ensure that the Question Booklet Series is printed on the top right-hand corner of the Booklet. The Booklet contains 23 printed pages and no page or question is missing or unprinted or torn or repeated. If you find any defect in this Booklet, get it replaced immediately by a complete Booklet of the same series.
- 5. You must write your Roll Number in the space provided on the top of this page. Do not write anything else on the Question Booklet.
- 6. An OMR Answer Sheet will be supplied to you separately by the Invigilator to mark the answers. You must write your Name, Roll No. and other particulars on the first page of the OMR Answer Sheet provided, failing which your OMR Answer Sheet will not be evaluated.
- 7. You will encode your Roll Number and the Question Booklet Series A, B, C or D as it is printed on the top right-hand corner of this Question Booklet with Black/Blue ballpoint pen in the space provided on Page-2 of your OMR Answer Sheet. If you do not encode or fail to encode the correct series of your Question Booklet, your OMR Answer Sheet will not be evaluated correctly.
- 8. Questions and their responses are printed in English only in this Booklet. Each question comprises four responses—(A), (B), (C) and (D). You are to select ONLY ONE correct response and mark in your OMR Answer Sheet. In case you feel that there are more than one correct response, mark the response which you consider the best. In any case, choose ONLY ONE response for each question. Your total marks will depend on the number of correct responses marked by you in the OMR Answer Sheet.
- 9. In the OMR Answer Sheet, there are four circles—(A), (B), (C) and (D) against each question. To answer the questions you are to mark with Black/Blue ballpoint pen ONLY ONE circle of your choice for each question. Select one response for each question in the Question Booklet and mark in the OMR Answer Sheet. If you mark more than one answer for one question, the answer will be treated as wrong. Any erasure or change is not allowed.
- 10. You should not remove or tear off any sheet from the Question Booklet. You are not allowed to take this Question Booklet and the OMR Answer Sheet out of the Examination Hall during the examination. After the examination has concluded, you must hand over your OMR Answer Sheet to the Invigilator. Thereafter, you are permitted to take away the Question Booklet with you.
- Failure to comply with any of the above instructions will render you liable to such action or penalty as the Commission may decide at their discretion.

SEAL



- Light-emitting diode is an example of
 - (A) photonic devices
 - (B) mechanical devices
 - (C) optoelectronic devices
 - (D) sensing devices
- The premature ignition of fuel is called
 - (A) engine knock
 - (B) autoignition
 - detonation
 - (D) All of the above
- 3. Skin stress is also called as
 - (A) shear stress
 - (B) bending stress
 - (C) lateral stress
 - (D) temperature stress
- National Science Day is celebrated on
 - VAV 26th December
 - 26th January *
 - (C) 28th February
 - (D) 5th September
- 5. Which of the following is not a part of venturimeter?
 - (A) Diverging part
 - (B) Converging part
 - Working fluid
 - (D) Throat

- 6. What is the principle of the 'Johansson Mikrokator'?
 - (A) Button spinning on a loop of string
 - (B) Principle of interference
 - (C) Optical magnification
 - (D) Principle of transformer
- 7. At 0 °C, silicon behaves as a/an
 - (A) conductor
 - (B) insulator
 - (C) semiconductor
 - (D) superconductor
- 8. Temperature stress is a function of Acces of the
 - (A) coefficient of linear expansion
 - (B) change in temperature
 - (C) modulus of elasticity
 - (D) All of the above
- 9. Who has served as the 11th President of India?
 - (A) Shri Pranab Mukherjee
 - (B) Shri K. R. Narayanan
 - (C) Shri A. P. J. Abdul Kalam
 - (D) Smt. Pratibha Patil
- NASA was established in the year
 - (A) 1915
 - (B) 1950
 - (C) 1958
 - (D) 1985

- 11. When air passes through silica gel_
 - (A) it absorbs water vapour molecules
 - (B) latent heat of condensation is released
 - (C) DBT of air increases
 - (D) All of the above
- 12. Which of the following screw threads is stronger than other threads?
 - (A) Square threads
 - (B) Trapezoidal threads
 - (C) Buttress threads
 - (D) V threads
- In Physics, the Nobel Prize, 2014.
 was awarded for the discovery of
 - (A) gravitational waves
 - (B) blue light LED
 - (C) neutrino oscillations
 - (D) MRI
- 14. In India, 15th September is celebrated as
 - (A) Engineer's Day
 - (B) Scientist's Day
 - (C) Labour's Day
 - (D) Women's Day
- Technology was formed in the year
 - (A) 1950
 - (B) 1971
 - (C) 1985
 - VDY 1992

- 16. Who among the following scientists has made his contribution in the establishment of ISRO?
 - (A) A. P. J. Abdul Kalam
 - (B) C. V. Raman
 - Wikram Sarabhai
 - (D) Aryabhatta
- Dr. B. R. Ambedkar was independent India's first
 - (A) Textile Minister
 - (B) Law Minister
 - (C) HRD Minister
 - (D) Foreign Minister
- 18. Graphene is a
 - (A) one-dimensional material
 - (B) two-dimensional material
 - (C) three-dimensional material
 - (D) All of the above
- Bihar Diwas (Bihar Day) is observed every year on
 - (A) 25th March
 - (B) 22nd March
 - (C) 1st April
 - (D) 1st March
- 20. Sardar Sarovar Dam is located on
 - (A) Ganga river
 - (B) Narmada river
 - (C) Sutlej river
 - (D) Godavari river

- 21. The First Bharat Ratna Award was given in the year
 - (A) 1951
 - (B) 1952
 - (Q) 1953
 - (D) 1954
- 22. Raxaul Airport is located in the State of
 - (A) Goa
 - (B) Maharashtra
 - (C) Bihar
 - (D) Uttarakhand
- 23. Which of the following weldings is used for welding vertical section in one pass?
 - (A) Electroslag welding
 - (B) Atomic hydrogen welding
 - (C) Laser-beam welding
 - (D) Electrogas welding
- 24. Rateau turbine belongs to the category of
 - (A) pressure-compounded turbine
 - (B) reaction turbine
 - (C) velocity-compounded

turbine

- (D) .radial flow turbine
- 25. Gradually varied flow is
 - (A) steady uniform
 - (B) non-steady non-uniform
 - (C) non-steady uniform
 - (D) steady non-uniform

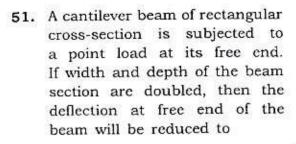
- The temperature of normal human body is
 - (A) 38.6 °C
 - (B) 37 °C
 - JCY 37.6 °C
 - (D) 38 °C
- 27. Who was the founder of Aligarh Muslim University?
 - (A) Sir Syed Ahmad Khan
 - (B) Mohammad Ali Jinnah
 - (C) Abul Kalam Azad
 - (D) Ram Mohan Roy
- 28. Mr. Jagadish Chandra Bose is a famous scientist for the invention of
 - (A) Bose-Einstein statistics
 - (B) crescograph
 - (C) X-rays
 - (D) scattering of light
- Albert Einstein was awarded the Nobel Prize for
 - (A) theory of relativity
 - (B) quantum optics
 - (C) photoelectric effect
 - (D) Bose-Einstein theory
- 30. Rana Pratap Sagar Dam is situated on
 - (A) Chambal river
 - (B) Yamuna river
 - (C) Narmada river
 - (D) Brahmaputra river

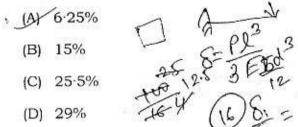
- An instrument, that is used for the detection of earthquake, is
 - (A) barometer
 - (B) lactometer
 - (C) seismograph
 - (D) holograph
- 32. The Head Office of the Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB) is located in
 - (A) Mumbai
 - (B) Kolkata
 - (C) Patna
 - (D) None of the above
- 33. RDX is a chemical compound. How is it used?
 - (A) As a composition
 - (B) As a reactor
 - (C) As an explosive
 - (D) As a nuclear weapon
- 34. The planet Neptune was discovered by
 - WAT Galle
 - (B) Galileo
 - (C) Kepler
 - (D) Newton
- **35.** Resistance of which of the following is unaffected by temperature?
 - (A) Manganin
 - (B) Constantan
 - (C) Nichrome
 - (DY All of the above

- 36. Which of the following is the first calculating device?
 - (A) Abacus
 - (B) Calculator
 - (C) Turing machine
 - (D) Pascaline
- Name the polymer used in making bulletproof glass.
 - (A) Melamine
 - JBT Bakelite
 - (C) Lexan
 - (D) Vinyl rubber
- 38. Where was the World Wide Web created and in which year?
 - (A) CERN, 1989
 - (B) Photonics 21, 1989
 - (C) CLUSTER, 1995
 - (D) Gikll, 1993
 - Name an acid which is secreted in the stomach.
 - (A) Sulphuric acid
 - (B) Hydrochloric acid
 - (C) Carbonic acid
 - (D) Nitric acid
 - 40. The term 'CTBT' is related to
 - (A) nuclear weapons
 - (B) taxes
 - (C) space research
 - (D) railway goods

- **41.** India's first mobile court was inaugurated in
 - (A) Maharashtra
 - (B) Haryana
 - (C) Uttar Pradesh
 - (D) Rajasthan
- 42. In which year, railway finances were separated from the general finances of the Central Government?
 - (A) 1920
 - (B) 1972
 - KC 1923
 - (D) 1924
- 43. Logarithm tables were invented by
 - (A) J. J. Thomson
 - (B) John Napier
 - (C) Paul Ehrlich
 - (D) A. G. Bell
- 44. What is India's per capita emission of greenhouse gases (GHG)?
 - (A) 0.8 tonne of CO₂
 - (B) 1.0 tonne of CO2
 - Jef 1.2 tonnes of CO2
 - (D) 1.5 tonnes of CO_2
- 45. A new study provided the first evidence that fatter people may be more affected by exposure to
 - (A) sunlight
 - (B) X-rays
 - JC Y-rays
 - (D) ozone

- 46. Which of the following units is used for measuring the speed of processor?
 - (A) MPIS
 - (B) MISP
 - JET MIPS
 - (D) MSIP
- 47. Nerves from the eyes and ears are connected to the
 - LAY cerebrum
 - (B) cerebellum
 - (C) medulla oblongata
 - (D) spinal cord
- **48.** Rainbow Revolution is related to which sector of the economy?
 - (A) Small-scale industries
 - (B) Information technology services
 - (C) Overall development of agriculture sector
 - (D) Mining sector
- 49. Who among the following was the first economist to hold the Office of Secretary, Department of Economic Affairs in the Union Finance Ministry?
 - (A) Dr. I. G. Patel
 - (B) Dr. Manmohan Singh
 - (C) Rakesh Mohan
 - (D) Dr. M. S. Ahluwalia
- **50.** Who is the author of Soul and Structure of Governance in India?
 - (A) V. K. Duggal
 - (B) Jairam Ramesh
 - (C) Dr. I. G. Patel
 - (D) Jagmohan





- 52. The ratio of maximum shear stress to average shear stress in a beam of rectangular cross-section is
 - (A) 3·0
- Contat = 3
- (B) 2·5
- (C) 2·0
- JD 1.5

1d

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53. In a symmetrical I-section beam, the bending stress will be maximum at

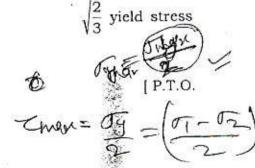
\ (A) the neutral axis

- (B) the top and bottom of the beam section
- (C) $\frac{1}{4}$ th depth from top and bottom of section
- (D) the junction of flange and web

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- 54. A circular shaft is subjected to a twisting moment M_t and bending moment M. The ratio of maximum stress developed due to bending moment and that due to twisting moment is equal to
 - (A) $\frac{2M}{3M_t}$
 - $\mathbb{E}\left(\frac{2M}{M_t}\right)$
 - (C) $\frac{M}{M_t}$
 - (D) $\frac{M}{2M_t}$
- Com = 167 3 16 3 166
- 55. If a simply-supported beam of span L carries a moment force at its mid-span, then the shear force diagram will be
 - (A) triangular
 - ·(B) rectangular
 - (C) parabolic
 - (D) cubic parabolic
- 56. According to maximum shear stress criterion, yielding in material occurs when
 - (A) maximum shear stress = 2 yield stress
 - (B) maximum shear stress = 0.5 yield stress
 - (C) maximum shear stress = √2 yield stress
 - (D) maximum shear stress =

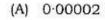


- 57. A frictionless pin joint transmits
 - (A) force which passes through the pin
 - (B) torque about the pin
 - (C) moment about the pin
 - (D) All of the above
- 58. A bar held between two rigid supports will be subjected to tensile stress if it is
 - (A) heated
 - (B) cooled
 - (C) heated or cooled
 - (D) heated beyond the melting point
- 59. A linear helical spring with spring constant K is cut into two equal halves. The spring constants of the individual halves will be
 - (A) K/2
 - (B) K / √2
 - (C) √2K
 - (D) 2K
- 60. In a body, loaded under plane stress conditions, the number of independent stress components in order to completely specify the state of stress at a point is

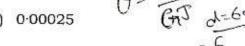
ABP 3

- (C) 4
- (D) 6

A shaft of 60 mm diameter is subjected to torsion has a shear strain of 0.0006. The rate of twist will be equal to

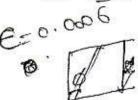


(B) 0.00025



(C) 0.0036

(DY 0.00001



62. The equivalent spring constant for a bar of length L, crosssectional area A and modulus of elasticity E is subjected to an axial force P is



- (B) L / AE
- (C) PL / A
- (D) $P^2L/2AE$
- 63. The no-slip boundary condition applied in a fluid
 - (A) is a consequence of laminar behaviour of fluid
 - (B) because the fluid is treated as continuous
 - (C) because the fluid is incompressible
 - (D) because the fluid is viscous



- 64. When a liquid rotates at constant angular velocity about a vertical axis as a rigid body, the pressure intensity
 - decreases as the square of radial distance
 - (B) increases linearly as radial distance
 - (C) varies inversely as the elevation along any vertical
 - (D) varies as square of radial distance
- 65. A small plastic boat loaded with nuts and bolts is floating in a bathtub. If the cargo is dumped into water, allowing the boat to float empty, the water level in the tub will
 - (A) rise

F-3 m

n

ed

is

ıs

(B) fall

.(C) remain same

- (D) None of the above
- 66. Nusselt number is the ratio of

Nu = KL(A) temperature gradient of wall to that across the

(B) temperature difference to the temperature gradient at the wall

- (C) heat flux at the wall to that across the entire pipe
- (D) None of the above

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correction momentum 67. The factor for laminar flow through a circular pipe is

(A) 1.67

(B) 3·0

(C) 0·85

parallel plates

(D) 1.33

68. The velocity distribution for between two flow laminar

> (A) is constant over the whole cross-section

- (B) is zero at the boundary and increases linearly towards the centre line
- (C) varies linearly across the section with a maximum at the centre line
- VD) varies parabolically across the section with a maximum at the centre line

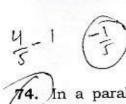
69. The growth of boundary layer is supported when (p is the pressure and x is the distance from the leading edge)

 $AY \frac{\partial p}{\partial x}$ is positive

 $\frac{\partial p}{\partial x}$ is negative

(D) None of the above

[P.T.O.



70. Turbulent boundary thickness is proportional to

In a parallel R-L-C circuit, the values of R, L and C are (40) ohms, 2 henries and 1/2 farad respectively. The quality factor Q of the circuit will be

> (A) that can act only as a source of active power

> (B) that can act as a source of both active as well as

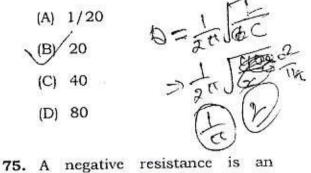
> > a source of reactive power

(A) 1/20

(C) 40

(D) 80

element



71. The value of fraction factor for smooth pipes for Reynolds' number equal to 106 approximately

(A) 0.0001

(B) 0.001

f = 933

The time constant of an R-C circuit is one second. Then in one second the capacitor is charged to

(A) about 66%

(B) about 98%

(C) 100%

(D) None of the above

73. A linear circuit must obey

6. In the Laplace transform

reactive power

(C) that can act only

(D) that will store energy

F(s) = (s+2) / s(2s+1)

(A) superposition theorem

(B) superposition theorem and Thevenin's theorem

Thevenin's (C) superposition,

the function f(t) as $t \to \infty$ and $t \rightarrow 0$ respectively are

(A) 2, 0

(78) = (8+2)

. - s + 1 + 25+

Q= ITTC VOL= voc in = loc

- 77. Increasing the value of the coupling capacitor C_c in a common-emitter amplifier affects its
 - (A) mid-band voltage gain
 - (B) f_L (lower cut-off frequency)

(C) f_H (higher cut-off frequency)

- (D) f_L and f_H both
- 78. The base width of a junction transistor is chosen by design to be small so that
 - (A) the electric field becomes large
 - (B) the concentration gradient of injected carriers is small
 - (C) the recombination of injected minority carriers is reduced
 - (D) the majority carriers easily reach the collector
 - 79. To increase the switching speed of $a_i p^+ n$ diode

(A) the n region width should be made larger

- (B) the n region width should be made smaller
- (C) the p region's bulk resistance should be larger
- (D) None of the above is true

80. Threshold voltage of a MOSFET can be reduced by

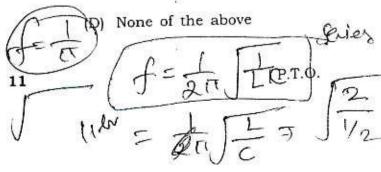
- (A) increasing the oxide thickness
- (B) reducing the dielectric constant of oxide
- (C) increasing the oxide thickness and increasing the oxide dielectric constant
- (D) reducing the oxide thickness and increasing the oxide dielectric constant
- A single-phase induction motor starts
 - (A) due to the development of rotating field for singlephase a.c. supply
 - (B) by applying voltage across the stator with the help of autotransformer
 - (C) by changing the number of poles in the stator winding
 - (D) None of the above
- 82. Transformer core is made of lamination to reduce
 - (A) eddy-current loss only
 - (B) hysteresis loss only
 - (C) both hysteresis and eddycurrent loss

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R=40 L=2-1/2

1

0 =





- 83. When a two-winding transformer is connected as an autotransformer, its efficiency (fullload)
 - (A) remains the same
 - (B) increases
 - (C) decreases
 - (D) rises to 100%
- 84. Which of the following motors runs at constant speed at all loads?
 - (A) Synchronous motor
 - (B) Induction motor
 - (C) DC shunt motor
 - (D) DC series motor
- 85. Four-point starter is used for
 - (A) synchronous motor
 - (B) induction motor of large capacity
 - (C) DC shunt motor with wide range of speed
 - (D) DC series motor with heavy load
- 86. The electromechanical energy conversion is a/an
 - (A) irreversible process
 - (B) reversible process
 - (C) isothermal process
 - (D) None of the above

- 87. The synchronous speed of a 3-phase induction motor having 12 poles and running on 50 Hz supply is
 - Q(A) 1200 r.p.m.
 - (B) 1200 r.p.m. (B) 1000 r.p.m. (C) 800 r.p.m. (D) 500 r.p.m.
 - (C) 800 r.p.m.
 - (D) 500 r.p.m.

88. A liquid has surface tension σ. The minimum work required to divide a spherical drop of this

> liquid of radius t into 8 equalsized spherical drops is

(A) $\pi t^2 \sigma$

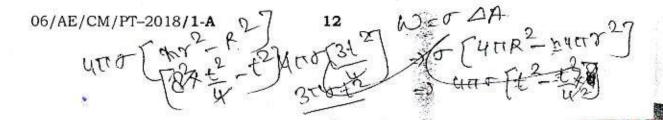
(D) $8\pi t^2\sigma$

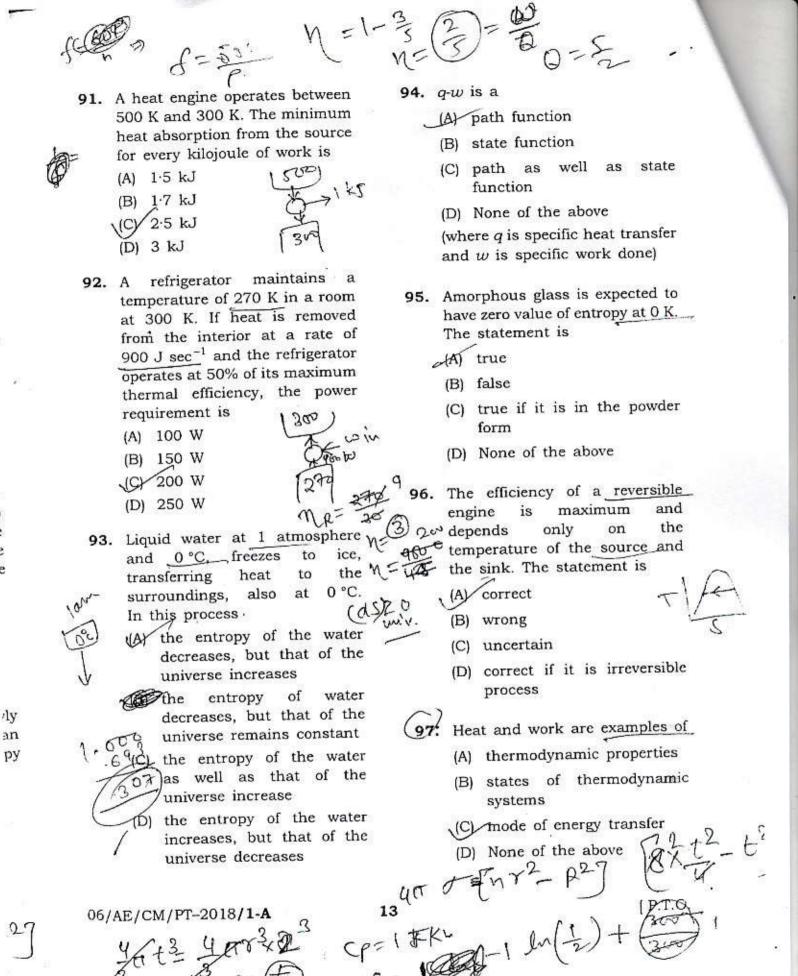
89. A metal block of heat capacity 1 J/K is cooled from 600 K to 300 K by placing it in a large heat reservoir at 300 K. The entropy change of the universe

in this process is

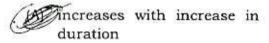
-0.693 J/K

- (B) 1 J/K
- (C) -1.693 J/K
- (D) 0.307 J/K
- 90. A frictionless piston slowly compresses a gas in adiabatic cylinder. The entropy change will be
 - (A) greater than zero
 - (B) less than zero
 - (C) equal to zero
 - (D) None of the above





- 98. For an ideal gas, compressibility factor should be
 - (A) O
 - UBY 1
 - (C) -1
 - (D) close to 10
- **99.** The method which follows deterministic approach is
 - YAY CPM
 - (B) PERT
 - (C) both PERT and CPM
 - (D) None of the above
- 100. Direct cost of an activity



- (B) decreases with increase in dyration
- (C) remains same
- (D) Nothing can be said
- 101. Mean, median and the mode for the set of values—10, 9, 8, 10, 12, 9, 9, 10, 11, 14 and 8 are
 - (A) 10, 8, 14

(BY 10, 9, 9

median

9, 10, 8

(D) 11, 9, 8

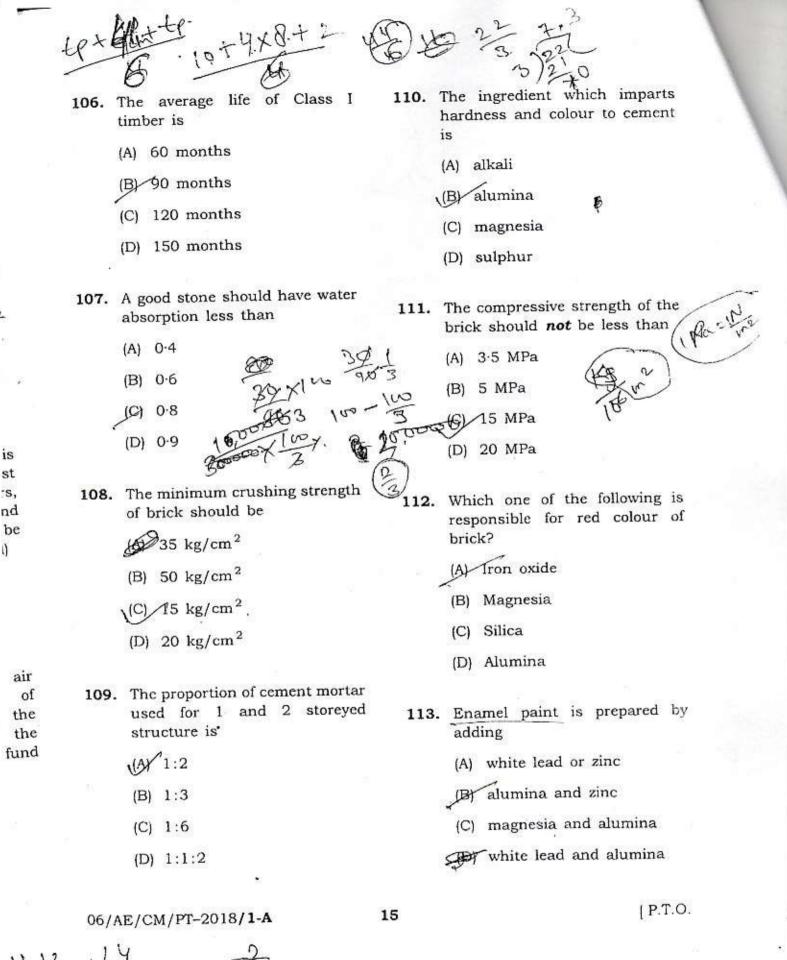


- 102. In case of PERT, if most pessimistic, optimistic and likely time are 10, 2 and 8 days respectively, then the expected duration and variance are
 - (A) 8 and 4/3
 - (B) 20/3 and 16/9
 - [C]/7:33 and 16/9
 - (D) 7.67 and 20/3
- In case of cash-flow monitoring, it is recommended to draw
 - (A) histogram
 - (B) cumulative diagram
 - (C) bar chart
 - (D) homograph
- 104. The total cost of a building is ₹3,00,000. The depreciated cost of the building after 30 years, if the life span is 90 years and scrap value is ₹30,000, will be (by declining balance method)
 - (A) ₹2,10,000
 - (B) ₹1,39,504
 - -{C} ₹ 1,75,254
 - (D) ₹2,50,000
- 105. An owner has installed an air conditioner at the cost of ₹18,000. If the life of the conditioner is 18 years, the coefficient of sinking fund (rate of interest is 5%) is
 - (A) 0.055
 - (B) 0.0355
 - (C) 640
 - (D) 1·20

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8,18,9,199/10,10,10,10,11,12 16+ 27 + 30 + 37





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1)

- 114. Pigments are added to
 - (A) give colour to paint
 - (B) reduce the cost of the paint
 - (C) hold the ingredients of the
 - (D) make the paint thinner
- 115. The base material of distemper is

iron oxide

- (B) lithopone
- (C) chalk
- (D) lime
- In industrial building, hard wearing surface can be achieved by
 - (A) terrazzo flooring
 - granolithic flooring
 - (C) mosaic flooring
 - (D) tiled flooring
- 117. Which one of the following is not true with respect to ribbed tiled floors?
 - (A) Light in weight
 - (B) Better soundproofing qualities
 - (C) Poor fire resistance
 - (D) Better thermal insulation

- 118. Plywood is identified by
 - (A) thickness
 - (B) volume
 - (C) area
 - (D) weight
- 119. It is required to produce a small-scale map of an area in a magnetic zone by directly plotting and checking the work in the field itself. Which one of the following surveys will be most appropriate for this purpose?
 - (A) Chain
 - B Theodolite
 - (C) Plane table
 - (D) Compass
- 120. The technique of plotting all the accessible stations with a single setup of plane table is called
 - (A) radiation ✓
 - (B) intersection

 ✓
 - (C) resection
 - (D) traversing
- 121. A 30 m chain is found to be 0.1 m short throughout the measurement. If the distance measured is recorded as 300 m, then the actual distance will be
 - (A) 300·1 m
 - (B) 301·0 m
 - (C) 299 m
 - (D) 310·0 m

122. Offsets are

lateral measurements made with respect to main survey lines

- (B) perpendicular erected from chain lines
- (C) taken to avoid unnecessary walking between stations

(D) measurements which are not made at right angles to the chain line

123. If fore-bearing of a line is \$49°52'E, then the back bearing will be



(B) S52° 49' E

- (C) N49°08'E
- (D) N49°52′W
- 124. In a parabolic vertical curve, the rising grade $g_1 = +0.8\%$ and the falling gradient $g_2 = -0.7\%$. The rate of change of grade is 0.05 per chain. The length of the vertical curve is

(A) 30 chains

- (B) 40 chains
- (C) 50 chains
- (D) 60 chains

- 125. An angle measuring instrument reading up to one-sixth of a degree on the main scale is equipped with a vernier having 19 main scale divisions divided into 20 parts. The correct least count for the instrument is
 - (A) 60 seconds
 - (B) 30 seconds

Jet 20 seconds

- (D) 10 seconds
- 126. For a simple circular curve, which one of the following gives the correct relation between the radius R and degree of curve D, for 20 m arc length?

- (B) $R = 1718 \cdot 9 / D$
- (C) R = 1145.9/D
- (D) R = 572.9/D
- 127. The radius of curvature of an ideal transition curve should be
 - (A) inversely proportional to its length
 - (B) directly proportional to its length
 - (C) proportional to speed of vehicle
 - (D) proportional to superelevation



128. If the difference of height between two points is 1 m and the slope distance between them is 100 m, then the accuracy of slope correction determination could be 1 in 100000 provided the heights are measured with an accuracy of

- (A) ±0.1 cm
- (B) ±0.5 cm
- (C) ±1.0 cm
- (D) ±5.0 cm

A and B are two traverse stations free from local attraction errors. If the true bearing of a line AB is 89° and the magnetic declination at point A is 1° west, then the magnetic bearing of line BA would be

- (A) 88°
- (B) 90°

CF 268°

- (D) 270°
- 130. Which one of the following gives the correct distance between the lighthouse and a ship, when the lighthouse whose height is 100 m is visible just above the horizon from the ship?
 - (A) 30.68 km
 - (B) 36.50 km
 - (C) 38.54 km
 - (D) 40·54 km

- 131. To find the RL of a roof slab of a building, staff readings were taken from a particular setup of the levelling instrument. The readings were 1.050 m with staff on the benchmark and 2.300 m with staff below the roof slab and held inverted. Taking the RL of the BM as 135.150 m, the RL of the roof slab will be
 - (A) 129·800
 - (B) 131-900
 - (C) 134·400
 - (D) 138·500
- 132. For the scale of plotting 1 in 400, the permissible error in centring of plane table is about
 - (A) 0.5 m
 - (B) 0·3 m

(C) 0·1 m

- (D) 0.01 m
- 133. Cevlon Ghat Tracer is used to measure
 - (A) slope
 - (B) reduced levels
 - Je distances
 - (D) depth of sea
- 134. BOD test is standardized at
 - (A) 10 °C and 10 days
 - (B) 20 °C and 5 days

Jet 37 °C and 3 days

50 °C and 2 days

- 135. Absolutely soft waters are required for
 - (A) drinking
 - , (B) boilers
 - (C) washing with synthetic detergent soap
 - (D) prevention of corrosion in pipe
- 136. Permanent hardness of water is because of
 - (A) CaHCO₃
 - (B) NaHCO₃
 - (C) MgHCO₃
 - (D) CaSO4
- 137. Zeolite process is used
 - (A) for disinfection of water
 - (B) for colour removal from water
 - (C) for water softening
 - (D) for turbidity removal
- 138. Blue baby disease results with
 - (A) high fluoride content in water
 - (B) high nitrate content in water
 - (C) high chloride content in water
 - (D) high iron content in water

- The major constituent which causes alkalinity in water is
 - (A) dissolved O2
 - (B) dissolved NH3
- NH3+42C
- (C) dissolved CO2
- (D) All of the above
- on which of the following physical laws?
 - (A) Newton's third law

Conservation of mass

- (C) Stokes' law
- (D) Conservation of energy
- 141. Fine sand is used as media in case of
 - (A) slow sand filter
 - (B) rapid sand filter
 - ; (C) pressure filter
 - (D) All of the above
- 142. Sullage is
 - (A) waste water from baths
 - (B) drainage from road
 - (C) industrial liquid waste
 - (D) All of the above

143. The end product of decomposed organic matter is

109co2

- (B) H₂S
- (C) NO₃
- (D) NH₃

144. Grit is

- (A) inert matter of specific gravity > 2.65
- (B) organic matter of specific gravity 1
- (C) organic and inert matter combined
- (D) colloidal matter of heavy specific gravity
- 145. Activated sludge process is a biological process involving
 - (A) aerobic + anaerobic bacteria
 - paerobic bacteria + protozoa + algae
 - (C) anaerobic bacteria + fungi
 - facultative bacteria + algae

146. Sludge digestion is

- (A) disposal of sludge
- (B) dilution of sludge
- (19) stabilization of sludge
 - (D) removal of sludge from waste

- 147. Anaerobic sludge digestion mainly yields
 - (A) methane
 - (B) ammonia
 - , (C) Both (A) and (B)
 - (D) None of the above
- 148. Self-purification of water body is mainly due to
 - (A) dissolved O₂
 - (B) dissolved NO3
 - (C) Both (A) and (B)
 - (D) None of the above
- When bleaching powder is added to water, its pH value
 - (A) increases
 - (B) decreases
 - (C) remains unaffected
 - (D) depends on characteristics of water
- 150. If the total hardness of water is greater than its alkalinity, the carbonate hardness will be equal to
 - (A) total alkalinity
 - (B) total hardness
 - NC) total hardness total alkalinity
 - (D) non-carbonate hardness